

BCA (H) 6th Semester Examination, 2021
 Subject: Computer Application
 Paper Title: Theory of Computation Paper Code: BCA601(Elective-I)

F.M. 80

Time: 3Hrs.

1. Answer any six questions

6*5=30

- a. Differentiate between DFA and NFA.
- b. Draw NFA of the regular expression $r = (a|b)^*abb$.
- c. Give the DFA of the following Language over $\Sigma = \{a,b\}$ $L = \{w : na(w) \bmod 3 = 0\}$.
- d. Prove that if L_1 and L_2 are regular Languages then so is $L_1 \cap L_2$
- e. State the properties of Regular Expression.
- f. What is CNF? Give example.
- g. Define Push Down Automata(PDA).
- h. Explain that the "turing machine is language acceptor".

2. Answer any five questions

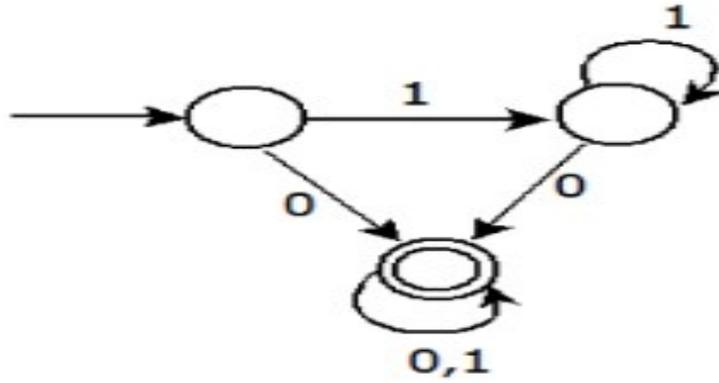
5*10=50

- a. Differentiate between Mealy machine and Moore machine. Convert the following Mealy machine to Moore machine.

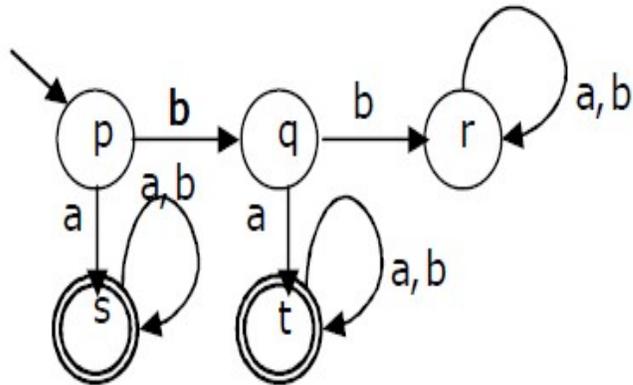
States	Input , Output	
	a	b
Q_0 (Initial)	$Q_1, 1$	$Q_2, 0$
Q_1	$Q_2, 1$	$Q_1, 0$
Q_2	$Q_0, 0$	$Q_3, 1$
Q_3 (Final)	$Q_3, 1$	$Q_0, 0$

- b. What is a derivation tree and what are its properties? Explain GNF with the help of suitable example.
- c. Design a PDA for the following (any two)
 - i. $a^{2n}b^n : n > 1$
 - ii. $a^n b^m c^n : n, m > 1, n > m$
 - iii. $a^n b^m \mid n, m > 1, n > m$
- d. Write the regular expression and draw the DFA/NFA for the following :
 - i. Strings of 1's and 0's, beginning with '1' and ending with '00' or '11'.
 - ii. Strings of 1's and 0's, such that 1's are followed by 0's and ending with '1'.

- e. Design a FA for the expression $(0+1)^*0(0+1)^*0(0+1)^*$. Find out the regular expression for the automata given in the following figure.



- f. When is a CFG said to be ambiguous, give example. Minimize the following DFA



- g. Design a Turing Machine that accepts the language: $L = \{ 0^n 1^n 2^n : n \geq 1 \}$

BCA (H) 6th Semester Examination, 2021
Subject: Computer Application
Paper Title: Image Processing Paper Code: BCA601: Elective-I

F.M. 80

Time: 3Hrs.

1. Answer any six questions

6*5=30

- a) Discuss on lossy image compression methods with proper example.
- b) Differentiate between brightness and contrast of a digital image.
- c) Explain the basic relationship between pixels.
- d) Write down Huffman coding algorithm.
- e) Explain fidelity criteria.
- f) Explain run length coding.
- g) Briefly explain histogram equalization with proper example.
- h) What is image sampling? Give example.

2. Answer any five questions

5*10=50

- a) Briefly discuss image operations.
- b) What is thresholding? Explain its merits and limitations in image segmentation.
- c) If all the pixels in an image area shuffled, will there be any change in the histogram? Justify.
- d) Explain Fast Fourier Transformation (FFT) in detail.
- e) Discuss any one image segmentation technique.
- f) Explain K-L transformation.
- g) Short note on Walsh transformation.